

Note that all the answers should be written on the answer sheet.

- 1. Fill in the following blanks with the correct answers.
- (1) The number of the integer to satisfy the inequality  $x^2 6x + 3 < 0$  is
- (2)  $\sin 30^\circ + \cos 120^\circ + \tan 45^\circ =$ \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- (3) When  $2^{3x-2} = 128$ , then x =.
- (4) The maximum and minimum of  $y = x^2 2x + 3$  ( $0 \le x \le 3$ ) are ①

and 2 , respectively .

(5) When  $AB = 2\sqrt{3}$ , AC = 3,  $\angle A = 30^{\circ}$  with  $\triangle ABC$ , then  $BC = \square$  and  $\angle C = \square^{\circ}$ .

- (6) The number of positive divisors with 108 is
- (7) When  $x^2 2x + a$  is divisible by x + 1, then a =.
- (8) Let  $f(x) = 3x^2 2x + 1$ . Then  $f(2) = \square$ ,  $f'(1) = \square$ , and  $\int_0^2 f(x) dx = \square$ .
- (9) There is a progression 1, 2, 4,  $a_4$ , 11, 16, ..... Then  $a_4 =$
- (10) When two straight lines 3x (a-3)y 6 = 0 and (a+1)x + y 1 = 0 are vertical to each other, then the fixed number a =\_\_\_\_\_\_.
- (11) When a > 0, then the minimum of  $a + \frac{9}{a}$  is  $\Box$ .

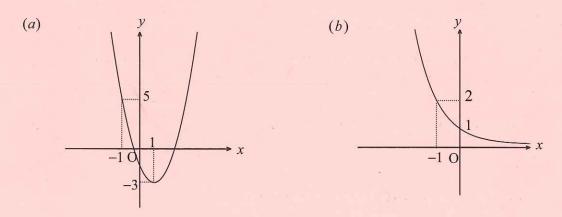
- 2. By assuming a circle  $x^2 + y^2 4x + 6y + 8 = 0$ , fill in the following blanks with the correct answers.
- (1) The coordinates of the center P of this circle are ( , ) and the radius of this circle is .
- (2) The equation of the tangent at a point Q (3, -5) on the circumference is

(1) y - 2 = 0.

*x* –

(3) Let there be a point R (1, -6). The scalar product of two vectors  $QP \cdot QR = \square$ and  $\tan \angle PRQ = \square$ .

3. Choose the correct equation from ① to ① to satisfy the following questions about the graphs (a) and (b), and fill in the blanks with the number.



- (1) The equation that represents graph (a) is
- (2) The equation that represents a graph when graph (a) is moved symmetrically about the origin is .
- (3) The equation that represents graph (b) is
- (4) The equation that represents a graph when graph (b) is shifted by -1 on the x axis is  $\boxed{\phantom{aaaa}}$ .
- (5) The equation that represents a graph when graph (b) is moved symmetrically about a straight line y = x is \_\_\_\_\_.